has been reduced from 35 per cent to 20 per cent.

(b) and (c): The allocation of pig iron by Development Commissioner for Iron and Steel (DCI & S) for the Small Scale Units in the State of Gujarat is made only to the Gujarat Small Scale Industries Corporation.

Setting op of PIG Iron Plants in Private Sector

1478. SHRI DILIP SINGH JUDEV: Will the Minister of STEEL be pleased to state:

(a) whether some major pig iron plants are proposed to be set up in the country in the rivate sector;

(b) if so, the places identified for the purpose in different States; and

(c) the details of their capacity and employment generation potentialities?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF STEEL (SHRI SONTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) to (c): Manufacture of pig iron is delicensed and subject to certain locational restrictions, Gov ernment approval is not required for the setting up of pig iron manufac turing facilities in the private sector. Accordingly it is for entrepreneurs to decide on various project para-metres like capacity, employment, location etc Government has is-sued a set of "Guidelines for Entrepreneurs in ron and Steel Industry" in October 1992. These Guidelines have inter-alia identified the following possible sites in various States for pig iron manufacture:—

Sites	State
1. Purulia .	West Bengal
2. Raigarh .	Madhya Pradesh
3. Bilaspur .	-do-
4. Raipur . .	-do-
5. Durg . . .	do-
6. Daitari . .	
7. Pipavev	Gujarat
8. Bhavnagar	-do-
9. D. hg	-do-
10. Kudal	Maharashtra
11. Mangalore	Karnataka
12. Goa	Goa

It has been emphasised in the Guidelines that this is only an indicative list. The choice of the site is left to the best commercial/economic judegment of the entrepreneurs who would need of undertake detailed feasibility studies before taking a final decision.

Footpath Dwellers in the Country

1479. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the estimated number of footpath dwellers in the four major cities of the country.

(b) whether Government have drawn a plan to provide them shelter and other basic facilities, if so, the details therof; and

(c) whether Government propose to make these schemes self-supporting?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THF MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI P. K. THUNGON): (a) The enumeration of houseless population is done at the time of census operations. The data on houseless population according to 1991 census is not yet available. How-

ever, as per 1981 census, the houseless population in the four major cities was as follows:—

Name of the City	Houseless Population as on 1-3-81
1. Calcutta	48440
2. Bombay . . .	50185
3. Delhi	26772
4. Madras . . .	7525

(b) Housing is a State subject. However, the Central Govt, is implementing a scheme for construction of night shelter and sanitation facilities for the benefit of footpath dwellers under which Central subsidy upto Rs. 1000l- per beneficiary can be released for construction of night shelter and sanitation facilities and Rs. 350/- per beneficiary for construction of pay and use toilets with balance cost borne by the implementing agency from its resources of a loan from HUDCO. This can be released to local bodies and other designated agencies including NCOs and voluntary organisations, according to preserved guidelines thiough HUDCO. The schemes can be taken up in any urban areas wherever the problem of footpath dwellers is more acute.

(c) with a view to making the night shelter and snitation facilities Dwellers self supporting and viable, the guidelines of the scheme have been revised. The scheme can now be taken up as a composite mix with remuneration components, so as to reduce the loan burden of the beneficiary agency and *in* defray maintenance cost to some extent and make the schemes more flexible so long as the basic aim of reaching the night shelter and sanitation to footpath dwellers and urban homeless is net.

Unauthorised Construction in Delhi

1480. SHRI DIGVIJAY SINGH: SHRI . SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA:

Will the Minister of URAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that according to the study conducted by the DDA and other civic authorities the number of buildings constructed illegally in violation of the Municipal by-laws an unauthorised commercial complexes constructed in residential areas as also res idential buildings converted into unauthorised commercial establishments in the city has enhacned;

(b) the number of such illegal constructions demolished or which are to be demolished; and

(c) in how many cases stay orders have been obtained by the owners from the Courts and the steps taken by Government in the matter keeping stay order in view?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI P. K. THUNGON): (a) The number of such cases detected during the last three years by the Municipal Corporation of Delhi, New Delhi Municipal Committee and Delhi Cantonment Board are reported as under:—

According to Delhi Development Authority no such study has been conducted by it. However, 1852 cases of unauthorised constructions are reported to have been booked by DDA from 1-10-93 to 1-3.93 in various rious colonies under its jurisdiction.

MCD	18489
NDMC	632
Delhi Cantonment Board .	267